

SYRUP OF FIGS. NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY. An Excellent Combination. The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system.



CITY NOTES

Dr. W. S. Joslin, the new principal of the High School, arrived in the city yesterday from East Hampton, Mass., accompanied by his wife and children. C. R. B. OF N. J. PAYS. The payment of Jim wages on the Central Railroad of New Jersey between March 1, 1900, and Scranton will be made on Tuesday, July 23.

Prices Cut on Shirt Waists. Madras Lawns, Chambray and Gingham Shirt Waists, all fine tailors-made, in new blues, ecru, white, etc., perfect fitting, full line of sizes. A fine Pique \$1.00 Waist, special at 50c. White Waists—a good lawn garment, prettily made up with fine insertion, \$1.50; special 50c. A better waist with finer trimming, \$1.75; special \$1.25. A great assortment of the finest white lawn, sewies and organdie waists, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

MEARS & HAGEN. POLICE AND ALDERMAN. Mrs. Kutz, of 208 Hubbard street, yesterday called the attention of A. G. Gilbert, a member, in the charge of disorderly conduct. Alderman Ruddy, after a hearing, ordered the defendant to pay the costs.

Wyming Seminary. A large and well-equipped boarding school. Every modern convenience, Certificate accepted by all colleges receiving students on certificate. Department of music, art and oratory very large. Business course for students who do not wish to prepare for college, \$300 a year.

Men's Oxford Ties. at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00 at Mahon's Shoe Store, 228 Lackawanna avenue.

DEALERS IN Bonds and Investment Securities. 68 Broadway, N. Y. Wilkes-Barre, Carbondale, 4-5-6 Commonwealth bldg., Scranton, Pa. Hanley's Ice Cream is absolutely pure. 420 Spruce street.

SIGNED BY THE RECORDER. Number of Resolutions Received His Signature Yesterday. Recorder W. L. Connell yesterday attached his signature to the following resolutions: Exonerating occupation tax of Frank Deane for year 1899; referring claim of Bernard Dolan for damages sustained by the taking of his property by the opening of Wyoming avenue, to the city solicitor, director of public works and city engineer; directing the paying of judgments of spellman and Jones against the city from balance of police appropriation for year 1900; disconnecting sewer basin at corner of Lackawanna and Adams avenues and attaching it to the Tenth district main sewer; directing the city recorder and city controller not to sign, countersign or issue any city warrants in payment of a fire engine or truck.

BAD BLOW FOR THE RODS

Building Committee of Board of Control Decides Not to Put Them on Buildings. Lightning rods, or no lightning rods, was the question discussed and voted upon last night by the building committee of the board of control, and the no lightning rod men won. For some time there has been discussion among the members of the board about the propriety of supplying the school buildings of the city with lightning rods, and after the matter had been talked over at various meetings, bids were asked for and these were last night considered by the committee. The committee wanted some enlightenment on the question of lightning rods, and the agents of the bidders were proceeding with scientific explanations of the theory on which systems of lightning rods are erected, when John Gibbons, the president of the board, suggested that the committee first decide that lightning rods be placed on buildings. It might be, he said, that these able gentlemen were using up their time without cause. A vote was taken, and it was decided by the following vote that the schools should go unlightning rodged: For Rods—Dennis Rushe, P. J. Langan, E. J. Leonard. Against Rods—George H. Shires, Anthony Walsh, Patrick Golden, O. B. Schrieter, John Gibbons.

The action of the committee will be reported at Monday night's meeting of the board. Rods were refused from the following for improving the ventilating systems in schools Nos. 2, 3, 10, 15, 19, 24 and 38: P. F. & M. T. Howley, \$4,600; Gunster & Forsyth, \$2,750; Howley Bros., \$2,615.41; James P. Maloney & Co., \$2,200. The contract was awarded to Maloney & Co. The improvement of the ventilating systems of the schools mentioned will consist of extending the duct used to carry the bad air out through the roofs of the buildings. They now terminate in the attics.

STRIKE TO CONTINUE.

Machinists Vote Down a Motion to Return to Work After a Lengthy Discussion. A meeting of the Machinists' union was held last night to consider the question of returning to work. The session lasted from 8 o'clock p. m. till after 1 o'clock this morning. President Campbell stated that a vote was taken on a motion to return to work and that the motion was defeated. The Allies' machinists were the most vigorous in opposition to declaring the strike off. It was quite generally admitted after the meeting that some of the Lackawanna men are expected to return to work Monday, despite the action of the union.

The claim was made yesterday that ten more strikers had returned to work at the Lackawanna machine shops. Lackawanna men, who were disposed to vote for a resumption of work, resolved to join with those who favored a prolongation of the strike, when, upon reaching the meeting, they learned that the committee which waited on Superintendent Lloyd was told that the men must come back as individuals, and that some few of them would not be taken back under any consideration.

BIG THROG ENJOYED IT. Lawrence Gives First of Bicycle Club Concerts. The first band concert at the Scranton Recreation club opened its gallion, next the club house on North Washington avenue, was given last night by Lawrence's men. Despite the fact that the departure of the regiment attracted so many down town, there was a large crowd at the concert to enjoy the excellent music and show appreciation of the commendable spirit which prompted the club in this enterprise. Frequent concerts will be given here under the club's auspices during the summer.

Marriage Licenses. Issued: Emma Henry, 137 Garfield avenue; Margaret E. Goffley, 109 Jessup street; Owen B. Williams, 499 Pleasant street; Catherine Ellen Evans, 1049 Pleasant street; Charles A. Hudson, 1049 Pleasant street; Charles A. King, 1049 Pleasant street; Clara A. Hudson, 1049 Pleasant street.

Free Cooking Lessons by Mail. The N. K. Fairbank company, of Chicago, have announced a new feature in their plans of advertising, in giving away cooking lessons. The N. K. Fairbank company, 271 Dearborn street, Chicago, will send to any reader of The Tribune a complete course of cooking lesson prepared by Mrs. Emma P. Ewing upon request and the enclosure of the nominal sum of 50 cents, which will bring with the lessons a coupon which can be redeemed for one year's subscription to "Harper's Bazar," the regular price of which is \$1.00. Mrs. Ewing will answer, in a department especially devoted to that purpose, questions from students of the Cooking school. The lessons which she has prepared cover the entire range of sensible, practical cookery and are very interesting and valuable, not only to those who want to learn to cook, but also to those who have already had experience. Publishers of The Tribune know The N. K. Fairbank company as a large and responsible institution, having been heavy advertisers for a great many years, and readers can rest assured that their affair is bona fide and worthy of their attention.

Hanley's Ice Cream is absolutely pure. 420 Spruce street.

PROGRESS OF THE HEARING

TESTIMONY AT THE BIG EXPERIENCE MEETING.

Workmen Tell of Having Been Assaulted, Threatened and Put in Fear of Bodily Harm—Only One Quit Work Because of Any Interference and It Was Not Strikers Who Interfered with Him—Evidence by a Storekeeper to Support the Allegation of Boycotting.

There was more than a full allowance of interesting incidents at yesterday's hearing before Judge Kelly in the injunction case of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad company against the striking car builders. Tiffs between the lawyers were very frequent, and once during the afternoon ex-Judge Willard and Mr. Newcomb had an encounter that threatened for a time to call for the intervention of the police power of the court. Mr. Newcomb, who can be very sarcastic when occasion demands was especially so yesterday. There were, also, a number of witnesses whose names are not recalled, but who were called in by the court itself was forced to join.

The plaintiff occupied the whole day in presenting testimony and when adjourning time arrived it was still far from resting. The first witness of the day was H. H. Hollister. He corroborated Philander Silbes, a witness of the previous day, who told that he had been threatened by W. H. Stanton, a striker. Hollister said that Stanton approached Silbes and threatened to knock him on the head if he did not stop striking. J. W. Hieseker, a butcher of 622 Cedar avenue, testified that he refused to sell meat to a workman named John Schroeder, because Owen Patterson, a striker, warned him that he would lose the patronage of the union men if he furnished Schroeder with food.

NOT COERCED. On cross-examination Hieseker said he was not coerced in the matter; that he considered the trade of union men more valuable than that of non-union men, and if he had to lose one or the other, he preferred to lose that of the non-union men.

Frank D. Dellman, a car shop employe, testified that James B. Thompson and two other men, on May 8, near the First National bank, threatened to kill him if he continued to work.

He told that another time when he was walking along with two imported men from New York, he was held up and threatened by strikers. He could not remember the names of the imported men, but thought that Jones was the last name of one of them. Mr. Newcomb at this first encounter with the other was J. Pierpont Morgan. The witness brightened up and said he guessed that's who it was. Thereafter during the examination, this other man was referred to as "Mr. Morgan."

Foreman Charles Werner, who was with Dellman at the first encounter with the strikers, corroborated him as to that incident and told that Thompson threatened to knock him into the gutter for interfering in Dellman's behalf.

Reuben Gummer told of having been hit by strikers' pickets and warned that if he did not refrain from working they would make him do so. W. H. Stanton was one of the strikers, he said, who thus threatened him.

WAS DENIED BEER. Charles Fischer, a Polandier from the South Side, told of his inability to get a drink of beer, one night when he was extremely thirsty. When he entered a saloon, he was told that he was not allowed to get a drink of beer, and that he must go to the bar. He was told that he was not allowed to get a drink of beer, and that he must go to the bar.

Jacob Adler, of Crown avenue, testified that Messrs. Campbell, Wintermantle and Thompson, three of the defendants, met him one morning while he was bound for the shops, and talking hold of him made him face about and start in the opposite direction. At another time Philip Ehret and John Hoffman called him names.

John Tullberg, a car inspector, accused George Benson, W. H. Thompson and others of intimidating him. Like all the other witnesses, however, he admitted on cross-examination that he continued to work every day.

Thomas Hatfield, a massive fellow of about 350 pounds, testified that George Snyder came to his home Sunday, June 5, and told him if he didn't quit working he would not be able to get anything to eat, and that he would be kicked out of town.

On cross-examination he was asked by Mr. Newcomb: "Who do you fear will kick you out of town?" After some hesitancy the witness answered "Snyder."

SNYDER STOOD UP. Snyder was asked to stand up. When his comparatively diminutive proportions were contrasted with the hugeness of Hatfield, a general laugh was evoked.

Mr. Newcomb suggested that the witness looked as if he didn't suffer much from lack of rations. Samuel Moffitt, an "imported" watchman, who came from Jersey City, told of H. T. Boley threatening to shoot him if he did not quit town, of his being set upon by a crowd on Lackawanna avenue and knocked down unconscious. He could not tell who his assailants were.

Charles Raper, a striker, and one of the defendants, who belongs to the Thirteenth regiment and wanted to get away, was called as the first witness of the afternoon, as for cross-examination. He lives on the South Side, worked at the car shops for four or five years, belonged to the union and went out on strike.

He was asked by Mr. O'Malley a series of questions tending to bring out an admission that he served as a picket and that the executive committee of the union was wont to send out pickets with instructions to stop the workmen, but the witness was very unwilling and his answers were decidedly evasive.

A Pleasurable Duty. Possibly you have need of a bank. If so, it becomes our pleasurable duty to invite you to this bank. The People's Bank.

THE QUICK LUNCH HABIT.

Is injuring thousands, while our rapid repairing facilities save lots of headaches and inconveniences. We refer to broken spectacles and eye-glasses.

S. H. TWINING, 131 PENN AVENUE. Optician. Harris' Drug Store.

Mr. Newcomb was allowed to examine him direct, and he him state that he never molested and of the company's workmen and never trespassed on the company's premises.

When an offer had been made to show what it was proposed to prove, Mr. Newcomb objected to the evidence because it was not proposed to show that Alney was at that time employed at the car shops.

In response to Judge Kelly's questions, the witness stated that he did not resume work at the car shops until four weeks after the assault.

Ex-Judge Willard argued that it was proposed to show that Alney was in the employ of the plaintiff company at the time of the assault and even though he was not employed at the car shops, he was still an employe of the company, and if he was assaulted by one of the strikers, it was a circumstance bearing directly on the case.

Judge Kelly decided to accept the evidence, with the remark that if the effect was found to be irrelevant, the evidence could be crossed.

The witness then went on to tell that he was working in the bridge department of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western in May. On the evening of May 15, he was walking back Lackawanna avenue, striking about while waiting to see Superintendent Walker. He stopped in front of the strike headquarters and chatted with some of the strikers. As he was talking, Captain McAndrew came up and without a word knocked him down.

QUIT HIS JOB. On cross-examination, Mr. Newcomb developed the fact that the witness had quit his job with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western several days before the assault and did not go back to work for the company until June 15.

Mr. Newcomb tried to have the witness admit that he was drunk at the time of the assault and that he provoked it by applying to Captain McAndrew the epithet that usually brings a blow. Alney would not make any such admission.

Stewart Bishop, of Dunmore, a clerk in Master Car Builder Canfield's office, testified that on June 24, as he was entering Chittenden's drug store, J. F. Thompson, one of the defendants, bailed him and said, "I hear you are a scab." Alney called out to the other was J. Pierpont Morgan, and then clinching his right fist, thumped the palm of his other hand.

Jacob Christopher, an aged man, of 1019 Remington avenue, told that he was going to a barber shop July 5, the day he deserted the strikers, when a striker named Snyder called to the barber, "That's a scab. You don't have to shave him." The barber replied that he was a regular customer and could not refuse to shave him.

On his way to work, July 8, a young man tried to hit him on the back of the head with a brick. That evening on his way home, he was met by five or six young fellows at the corner of Washington avenue and River street. One of them asked, "Is that a scab?" Two of three answered "Yes," and some one of them yelled, "Don't hit him." Another bumped against him.

HIS LAST DAY. That was the last day the witness worked. He was not afraid of the strikers, he said, but rather was he afraid that they might get mad and hurt some of them. The witness spoke very earnestly and in badly broken English, and provoked no end of laughter. Mr. Newcomb got him to admit that the young men who bailed him were not strikers and let him go at that.

The examination of Foreman Martin Knuth developed some enlightenment. He said he could pick out a lot of the men who were in the crowd at the bridge on the morning of July 5. Mr. Newcomb told him to come down from the stand, get among the spectators and pick them out. Mr. Knuth hesitated about following these directions, whereupon ex-Judge Willard jumped up and said, "The witness is timid about going out among these men, but I'm not. Come on, I'll go with you."

Following Judge Willard, the witness reluctantly went to the spectators' seats and began pointing out different strikers. Judge Willard did get the name and call it out. Mr. Newcomb protested that Judge Willard was playing to the galleries and hippodroming the proceedings. Judge Willard retorted something about being responsible for his own conduct. Judge Kelly settled the dispute by saying that the witness was on cross-examination and therefore in Mr. Newcomb's hands. Judge Willard laughingly sat down.

FERBER MADE ARRESTS. Deputy Sheriff H. F. Ferber testified to having been stationed at the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western shops since May 19, to guard the company's property, and of having made a number of arrests of strikers for disorderly conduct.

Thomas McGraw was arrested, he said, for calling "scab" at some workmen who were laying a sidewalk between the tracks, and threatening to strike the witness with a wooden sawhorse, when he was ordered away. He also arrested another young man for calling "scab" at the workmen. The witness also told of the false alarm of fire on the night of Sunday, May 28, when a crowd of more than a thousand assembled at the shops and drove the workmen out of the paint shop by riddling the windows with stones.

On cross-examination, Mr. Newcomb adduced the fact that neither of the men arrested by the witness were strikers.

In regard to the false fire alarm, Mr. Ferber stated, on cross-examination, that the alarm was not sent in from the box, but by opening and closing a circuit somewhere in Providence. W. J. Neave, superintendent of the fire alarm system, and the witness made an investigation and discovered this, he said. The witness could not say that any strikers were in the crowd that stoned the paint shop.

John H. Brown, of Dunmore, an old employe of the company, who returned

(Continued on Page 10.)

SOLDIERS OFF AMID CHEERS

THIRTEENTH LEAVES FOR ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT.

Crowds Line the Streets Over Which the Boys Marched from the Armory to the Station and Follow Them to the Train—Tender Leaving Was the Order of the Evening on the Depot Platform—Good Thing We Are Not Superstitious Any More.

Everyone hopes the local soldier boys will have all kinds of good luck during their sojourn at camp, but when one comes to learn that the Thirteenth regiment went away in thirteen cars, drawn by engine No. 13, and on a Friday, that hope can not be entertained with any great degree of confidence.

Be that as it may there are thousands who will not only hope but pray that the boys in ecru will not only have the best of luck but a very delightful tour of duty. If the affectionate scenes at the Delaware and Hudson station between 9 and 9:30 o'clock last night is any criterion. The departure of the boys is a happy event, and if he was assaulted by one of the strikers, it was a circumstance bearing directly on the case.

Judge Kelly decided to accept the evidence, with the remark that if the effect was found to be irrelevant, the evidence could be crossed.

The witness then went on to tell that he was working in the bridge department of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western in May. On the evening of May 15, he was walking back Lackawanna avenue, striking about while waiting to see Superintendent Walker. He stopped in front of the strike headquarters and chatted with some of the strikers. As he was talking, Captain McAndrew came up and without a word knocked him down.

BOYS ARE POPULAR. That the boys are extremely popular not only with the ladies but with the general populace was attested by the cheers and hearty good-wishes that greeted them all along the route of march from the armory to the station.

The regiment certainly made a fine appearance, and on every side was heard warm compliments for their soldierly bearing and their neat appearance in the new style uniform.

Colonel L. A. Waters, accompanied by his staff, led the regiment's mounted. The First battalion, composed of B. C. D. and K, marched in the order named with Company C leading the column. It was in command of Lieutenant Colonel F. W. Stillwell. The Second battalion, led by Major Frank Robling, Jr., marched with Companies H, A, L and F, in the order named.

Bauer's Thirteenth regiment band of thirty pieces, headed the line and played an almost constant succession of appropriate airs from the time the armory was quit until the station was reached.

Company E of Honesdale arrived at 7:45, and Company G of Montrose at 8:10. They were in their cars when the city companies arrived.

The station was reached a few minutes before 9 o'clock, and Colonel Waters was ready to give the word to start at the appointed time, but owing to a delay resulting from a broken illuminating system in one of the cars, it was nearly 2:30 o'clock when the train pulled out to the accompaniment of rousing cheers and a great flutter of kerchiefs.

FEW ABSENTES. Adjutant Atherton stated that from informal reports coming to him from company commanders there were few absentees. Those who have not been excused will be arrested by a guard to be dispatched here tomorrow, when the company reports are in.

The only officer absent was Assistant Surgeon George A. Blanchard, who was excused on account of illness. He died soon after the regiment left the city.

Captain W. A. Raub, officer of the day, and Lieutenant Elmer Berry, officer of the guard, received orders from Colonel Waters as the train was about to start, that at 12 o'clock all

LEMONADE. The Cleanest and Best Lemon Juice Extractor is the Glass, Clean and Rapid. Made in Three Sizes. Small Size..... 5c Each Medium Size..... 10c Each Large Size..... 15c Each. China Mail. Geo. V. Millar & Co. 134 Wyoming Avenue. Walk in and Look Around.

Baby Carriages And Go-Carts.... For years this store has been the acknowledged Headquarters for Baby Vehicles. This season is no exception. In fact, the immense size and variety of our stock places us farther ahead than ever before. If you desire a nice Carriage for the Baby you can save money by buying here. J. D. WILLIAMS & BRO. 312-314 Lackawanna Avenue.

READ Chickens Come Home to Roost. Described by more than one hundred critics, "The greatest novel of the age." More natural than "To Have and to Hold," and far ahead of "Janice Meredith." 100,000 ALREADY SOLD. And selling faster than any other novel. Isaac H. Blanchard & Co., Publishers, New York. Can be had at Reisman Bros. 405 Spruce Street.

THE CELEBRATED GORDON PIANO. Before buying, send for catalogue. H. S. GORDON, 130 Fifth Ave. New York City.

ATLANTIC CITY HOTELS. GRAND ATLANTIC HOTEL AND ANNEX. HOTEL OSBORNE. THE DELAWARE CITY. SCRANTON CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS. SCRANTON, PA.

RUPTURE CAN BE CURED. Dr. Sedgwick, a graduate of one of the leading Medical Colleges in the United States, who made the subject of Hernia and Stricture Diseases his life study, has now a safe and scientific treatment by which a rupture of many years standing, if reducible, can be absolutely cured. The treatment is practically free from pain, and does not interfere with the patient's business. SCRANTON, PA. 100 R. J. OSBORNE. Write to or call upon Dr. Sedgwick, 206 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa. Where he will be glad to meet you and consult with you. His charges are in the most liberal Office hours: 9 to 12 A. M., 1 to 4 and 6 to 8 P. M. CONSULTATION FREE.

Monday Bargains. We offer the greatest bargains in desirable Wash Good to be found in the city. LOOK! Lawns—100 pieces, nicely printed light lawns. 2c Dinities—150 pieces 10c goods..... 5c Lawns—New, plain, solid colors, all shades, 1 1/2c goods..... 9c White Pique—Full yard wide..... 8c White Lace—Open work stripes for waists, 10c to 25c 48c Silk Gingham, Grenadines, Etc..... 25c Pure Linen Gingham—25c and 35c goods..... 18c All Very Best Apron Gingham..... 4 1/2c Best Silver Grey and Chocolate Prints..... 3 1/2c Best Indigo Blue Prints..... 4 1/2c Unbleached Muslin—Best made, yard wide..... 5 1/2c Hill Bleached Muslin..... 6 1/2c Cotton Russian Finish Crash..... 4c Mears & Hagen 415-417 Lackawanna Avenue.